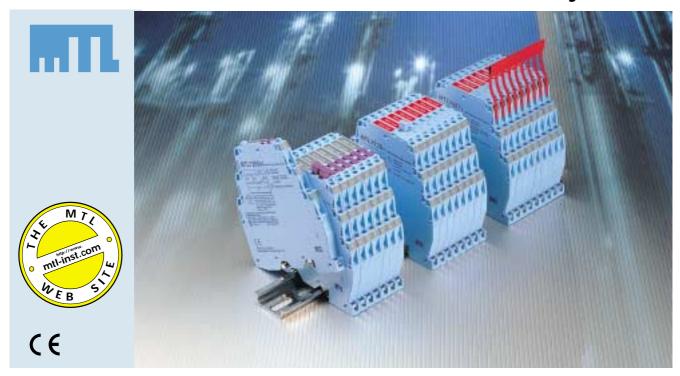
Ultra-slim safety barriers that can be used like terminals

MTL7000 SERIES

Shunt-diode safety barriers



- Exceptionally high packing densities - only 7mm barrier width
- Quickly and easily installed clamp securely onto DIN rail in one simple operation
- Commissioning and maintenance simplified – secondary replaceable fuse (MTL7100 barriers) and removable link (MTL7200 barriers) provide 'disconnect' features
- 24V dc supply connections simplified - optional power comb feeds many barriers
- Direct connection of cable screens and OV lines - third terminal on both hazardous and safe sides
- Reduce need for separate field terminals - many features common to conventional terminals
- ◆ Patent US 5838547

MTL7000 Series award-winning, intrinsic safety shunt-diode safety barriers are innovative devices designed to provide exceptionally high packing densities, straightforward 'single-operation' installation and simplified connection, commissioning and maintenance facilities. Many of the MTL7000 Series features duplicate the functions of conventional field terminals and the barriers can, therefore, 'double up' as terminals for many applications, saving even more space.

A barrier width of only 7mm enables maximum packing densities due to the use of surface mount and thick-film hybrid circuit technologies (subjects of patent applications).

Barriers clamp simply and securely onto standard T-section DIN rail, simultaneously making a reliable IS earth connection. Earth terminals, insulating spacers and corrosion-resistant DIN rail are available to satisfy individual IS earthing requirements.

Extra terminals on each side of the barrier allow cable screens from field wiring and OV returns to be terminated on the barrier. 'Dummy' barriers handle spare hazardous-area cable screens and signal lines. Additionally, and as an alternative, an earth rail accessory is available for terminating and securing cable screens, or earth returns and spare cores.

Barrier identification is provided by one or both of two methods. The first consists of tagging strips mounted on posts located at each end of a row of barriers while the other consists of separate identifiers attached to the tops of individual barriers. Of these, the first can be used to tag locations as well as barriers and is recommended for large installations

while the second is better suited to installations of a few barriers only.

An optional power comb simplifies installations where multiple barriers are powered from a common 24V dc source (via a power feed module or a dummy barrier). The comb replaces individual power supply connections to each barrier, yet allows single barriers to be removed without affecting the others. The power feed module powers up to 40 barriers and incorporates a trip which switches off the supply to the barriers if a fault (such as an overvoltage) occurs in the power source circuit.

Secondary replaceable fuse versions of many barriers are available and form the MTL7100 sub-series. These are useful where there is a possibility of faults occurring during commissioning which would otherwise blow the barriers' internal safety fuses. One secondary replaceable fuse for each barrier channel is provided and is lower in value than the related safety fuse. Fuses are packaged in small mouldings which can be latched in a 'disconnect' position to break the safe and hazardous areas during commissioning, maintenance or fault finding, thus avoiding the need for additional disconnect terminals.

Where a fuse is less likely to be necessary, the MTL7200 sub-series uses a latching-out link only, to provide the basic loop disconnection of the MTL7100 sub-series.

快速接线模块:控制柜装配的全新概念

常规接线模式





快速接线模式

全球独家推出 全覆盖型省配线解决方案

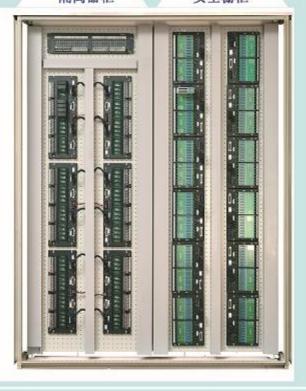
接线端子柜

继电器柜

隔离器柜

安全栅柜





快速接线模块:控制柜装配的全新概念

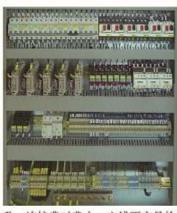
传统接线模式

密密麻麻的电器元件:接线端子、保险、继电器、电源开关

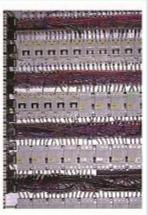
塞满线槽的的配线: 元件之间大量的连接导线, 离开图纸无从下手

繁琐的工序: 设计选型、配件采购、打孔、元件固定、配线、测试、整理





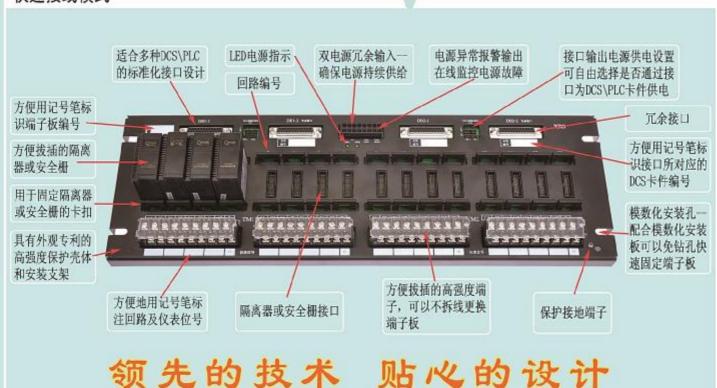




传统接线方式占空间大,导线多而杂乱,连接费时费力,出错不容易检修

适应现代工业的集成化模块产品

快速接线模式



快速接线模块:控制柜装配的全新概念

传统接线模式





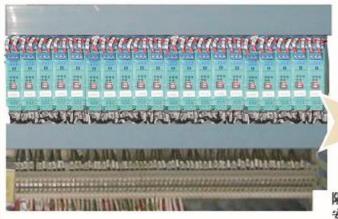


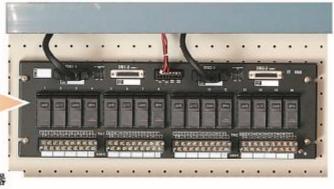
控制组件





继电器隔离





隔离器 安全栅







- 一页简单表格替代配线蓝图
- 让普工具备专业配线技工的装配水平
- 免拆线测试信号电流和故障指示功能轻松解决日常维护难题

■ 改变用途只需改动设置,为设计变更提供最大便利

■ 丢掉米尺、电钻、打号机、压线钳、万用表和各式配件,一把螺丝刀搞定控制柜装配

V

快速接线模块:控制柜装配的全新概念

专利产品

多: 功能多、用途广 快: 设计快、施工快

好: 美观好用、可靠 省: 省人工、省材料

■ 全系列模块化结构:将控制柜内接线附件设计成模块化结构的系列产品,包括信号输入输出、电源分配等,采用标准的安装尺寸,元器件透明化布置,指示一目了然,既美观又快捷。

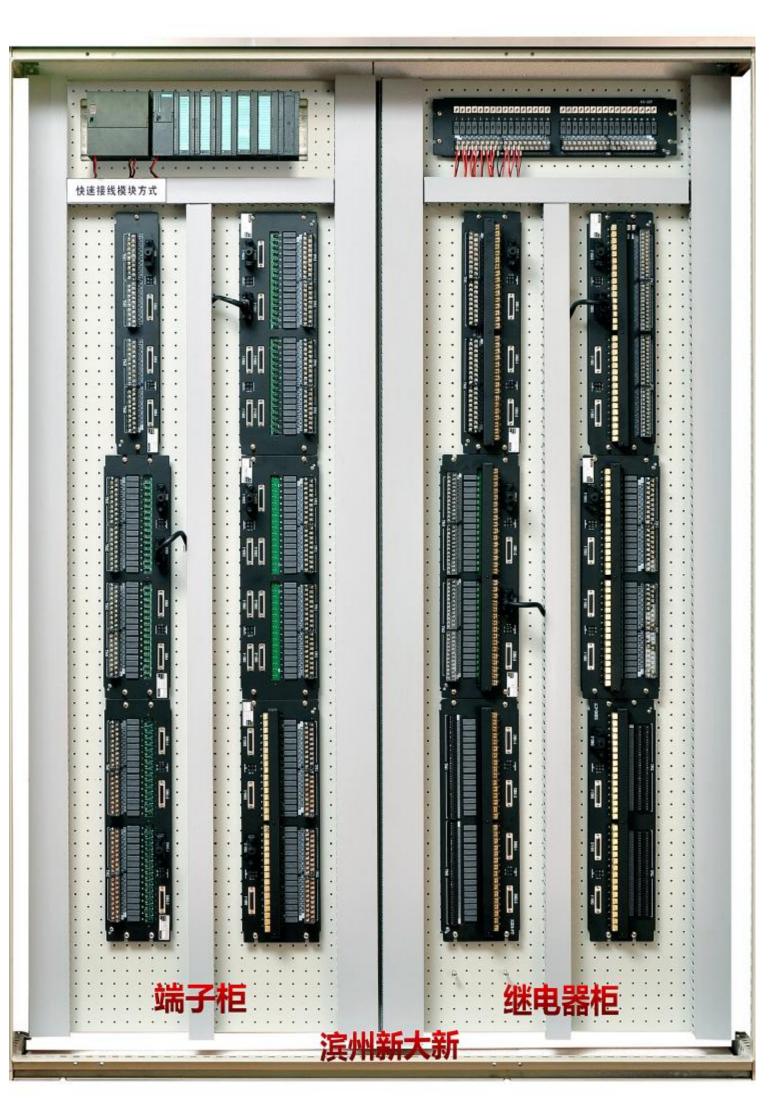
- 功能全面:兼有信号隔离和驱动、本安保护、回路供电、卡件供电、信号指示、报警指示、回路保护、电源保护、信号转接等多项功能,全面提升配线质量。
- 简化设计和布线:采用板上跳线的型式解决了外部设备与系统卡件接线的差异化和复杂化问题。信号传输和供电巧妙有机的融合在一起,同一个卡件可以接驳不同类型的仪表和信号,只需改变板上跳线,减少了线路节点。盘内施工图纸简化为简单表格,降低了复杂线路对图纸的依赖性,彻底简化了施工图纸设计和盘内布线过程。
- 省略端子排:外部接线端配备的拔插式接线端子块可方便端子维修,更换端子板可不拆除接线。弹簧端子则具有接线快捷、压接可靠、故障率低的特点。1~2.5mm²导线可直接接驳端子板,不必再专门配备接线端子排。内部接线端采用专用接口,使用特制电缆与PLC或DCS快速插接。
- 全方位保护、不拆线停表、省略配电开关, 避免误操作: 各信号回路均配备了拔插方便的保险以提供全方位的安全保障, 用户不必再为外部设备单独配备配电开关和保险端子。特别解决了DCS及PLC系统外围仪表停表的问题, 检修、拆除外部设备只要拔下保险而不必拆线, 既快捷高效又安全可靠防止错接。电源回路采用过压、过流、反接保护措施, 确保系统设备安全运行。
- LED指示、不拆线测电流,方便维护维修:电源回路和信号回路均配备全方位的LED信号指示及保险熔断报警,配合巧妙的不拆线测量信号电流技术,测量信号电流只要将电流表表笔插入测试孔即可,整个测量过程设备不断电、不影响正常测控过程,为维护工作提供了极大方便。
- 快速装配:使用本公司设计的带标准模数孔的专用安装背板,可以抛开钻孔工具,只需一把螺丝刀就能完成柜内电气元件的安装。

广泛兼容



全面覆盖

涵盖非隔离、继电器隔离、隔离器、本安防爆四大类信号传输方式





MTL7000 SERIES - SPECIFICATIONS

Key barriers shown in blue

Total	Model No. MTL	de	Safety escripti		Application	Basic circuit	Max. end- to-end resistance	V _{wkg} at 10μΑ	V _{max}	Internal safety fuse/fuse- disconnect (FD)†
7128+ 28 300 93 7128+ 28 300 93 7128+ 28 300 93 7129+ 28 164 171		(V)	(Ω)	(mA)			(Ω)	(V)	(V)	(mA)
7128+ 28 300 93 7128+ 28 104 171 Controller outputs, solenoids 7129+ 28 104 171 Controller outputs, solenoids (III) SINCILE CHANNEL - VE 7028- 28 300 93 For negative/ 704- 10 50 200 705- 20 300 87 715- 100 150 12V dc systems DOUBLE CHANNEL - VE 7162- 10 50 200 7164- 10 50 200 7164- 10 50 200 7164- 10 50 200 7165- 10 10 150 12V dc systems DOUBLE CHANNEL (NON-SYMMETRICAL) - VE 7167- 15 100 150 12V dc systems DOUBLE CHANNEL (NON-SYMMETRICAL) - VE 71996- 20 300 87 7199- 20 300 81 7197- 28 diode 7087- 28 diode 7		NNEL	+VE							
Tight 28 300 93 Controller outputs, solenoids For negative / For nega					18V dc systems					50 (FD)
7128- 28 300 93 Controller outputs, solenoids Sole	7028+	28	300			01	332	26.0	27.0	50
7129P- 28 164 171 Controller outputs, solenoids (III8) SINGLE CHANNEL -VE	7128+	28	300	93		*	342	26.0	27.2	50 (FD)
SINGLE CHANNEL VE Total For negative Total	7128P+	28	234	120)		275	26.0	27.1	50 (FD)
Transmitters	7129P+	28	164	171		\$ J	211	25.0	26.5	50 (FD)
Tight Tigh	SINGLE CHAI	NNEL	-VE							
Transmitters	7028-	28	300	93	<u>o</u>		332	26.0	27.0	50
DOUBLE CHANNEL +VE	7128-	28	300	93		¥ 0	342	26.0	27.2	50 (FD)
## DOUBLE CHANNEL +VE 7162+ 10 50 200 200 10 50 200 10 50 200 10 50 200 10 50 200 10 50 200 10 50 200 10 50 200 50 200 10 50 200 50 200 10 50 200 50 200 7167+ 15 100 150 12V dc systems 50 10 10 50 200 10 50 200 7167+ 15 100 150 12V dc systems 50 10 10 10 50 200 10 50 200 7167+ 15 100 150 12V dc systems 50 10 10 13.0 14.2 50 20 140 13.0 14.2 50 20 20 20 20 20 20 2						50 02				
The controller outputs						60 0 3				
10	DOUBLE CHA	NNEL	+VE							
Tick	7162+			1	6V dc systems	region (I .			50 (FD)
Tile	7164+			1	Low-level/logic	40 01				50 (FD) 50 (FD)
DOUBLE CHANNEL (NON-SYMMETRICAL) -VE	74./7	l .		1	, ,					50 (FD)
DOUBLE CHANNEL (NON-SYMMETRICAL) - VE 7090- 26 300 87 71196- 26 300 87 71196- 26 300 87 71196- 26 300 87 71196- 28 300 93 71196- 28 300 93 71196- 28 300 93 71196- 28 300 93 71196- 28 300 93 71196- 28 300 93 71197- 28 300 93 71197- 28 300 93 71197- 28 300 93 71197- 28 300 93 71197- 28 300 93 71197- 7	/16/+				12V ac systems	50				50 (FD) 50 (FD)
Transmitters						60 3				, ,
Transmitters	DOUBLE CHA	NNFI	(NON	I-SYMN	 FTRICAL) =VF	ret				
Transmitters Tra		26	300	87	1	40 0 1				
RETURN-DIODE TYPE 7087+ 28 300 93 26 60 7187+ 28 300 93 28 diode -	7196_			1	Vibration probes	* * * * * * * * * *				
RETURN-DIODE TYPE TO87+ 28 300 93 26 60 26.8 50 7187+ 28 300 93 28 diode -	7170			1 -	J	50 0 2				50 (FD)
7087+ 28 300 93 28 diode 7187+ 28 300 93 28 diode 7187+ 28 234 120 28 diode 7187+ 28 28 28 diode 7187+						60 0 3				
7187+ 28 300 93 28 diode - 28 diode					,					
7187+ 28 300 93 28 diode -	7087+			1	·					
Transmitters, controller outputs, switches 28 234 120 28 diode -1 28 234 120 26.0 26.9 50 (FD)	7187+	28	300	1		40 01	342	26.0	26.9	50 (FD)
Taisimings Simple Simple Ac, Low Level	7087P+			120	,	2				
Tight 28		28	diode	-	' ' ' ' ' '		30 + 0.9V	26.0	26.8	80
SIMPLE AC, LOW LEVEL 7055ac 3 10 300 RTDs 2- or 3-wire (floating) RTDs 3 10 300 RTDs 3 3 10 300 RTDs 3 10 300 RTDs 3 10 300 RTDs 3 10 300 RTDs 4 0 0 1 24 0.3 at 1μA 2.3 100 0.3 at 1μA 2.3	7187P+			120	' ' ' '	60 0 3	I .			50 (FD) 50 (FD)
7055ac 3 10 300 RTDs 5 0 241 0.6 at 1μA 3.0 100 0.	SIMPLE AC I						10 / 01/1	20.0	2017	33 (12)
3 10 300 300 3-wire (noating) 60 0.6 at 1μA 3.0 100	Silvii EE AO, E					40				
3 10 300 300 3-wire (noating) 60 0.6 at 1μA 3.0 100						*IA				
7056ac 3 10 300 3-wire (grounded) 3 10 300 RTDs SIMPLE AC, HIGHER VOLTAGE 7261ac 9 90 100 4-wire RTD's 7061Pac 9 350 26 9 350 26 7161Pac 9 350 26 12 1k 12 Strain-gauge bridge, sense, output 7264ac 12 1k 12 Strain-gauge bridge sense 12 1k 12 bridge sense 12 1k 12 bridge sense 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 60 Strain-gauge 1048 10.0 11.1 50 70.66Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 1048 10.0 11.1 50 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	7055ac			1		50 02				
3 10 300 3-wire (grounded) 3 10 300 3-wire (grounded) 8TDs 24 0.3 at 1μA 2.3 100 100 241 0.3 at 1μA 2.3 100 100 241 0.3 at 1μA 2.3 100 100 241 0.3 at 1μA 2.3 100 2.3 100 2.3 100 2.3 100 2.3 2		"	10	300	KIDS	60 + + 03	24	0.0 at 1μΑ	3.0	100
SIMPLE AC, HIGHER VOLTAGE 7261ac 9 90 100 Strain-gauge bridges 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 12 1k 12 bridge sense 12 1k 12 bridge sense 12 75 160 12 75 160 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 100	7056ac	2	10	300	3.wire (grounded)		24	Λ 3 at 1μΛ	2 3	100
SIMPLE AC, HIGHER VOLTAGE 7261ac 9 90 100 Strain-gauge bridges 4-wire RTD's 115 7.2 8.3 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	7030ac			1		<u> </u>				
SIMPLE AC, HIGHER VOLTAGE 7261ac 9 90 100 Strain-gauge bridges 115 7.2 8.3 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8		3	10	300		50 D	24 ¹	0.3 at 1μA	2.3	100
7261ac 9 90 100 Strain-gauge bridges 4-wire RTD's 115 7.2 8.3 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8						60-03				
9 90 100 4-wire RTD's 7061Pac 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 9 350 26 12 1k 12 Strain-gauge bridge, sense, output 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1384 7.2 8.5 50 1389 7.2 8.8 50 (FD) 1389 7.2 8.8 50 (FD) 1389 7.2 8.8 50 (FD) 149 7.2 1048 10.0 11.1 50 150 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 13 97.2 9.8 10.9 80										
7061Pac 9 350 26 9 350 26 7161Pac 9 350 26 9 350	7261ac			1			I .			
7161Pac 9 350 26 9 360 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	7061Pac				, wile Kib 3	■ 0 1				
7161Pac 9 350 26 bridge, sense, output 393 7.2 8.8 50 (FD) 7264ac 12 1k 12 Strain-gauge 50 20 1048 10.0 11.1 50 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 50 393 7.2 8.8 50 (FD) 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 50 397.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 12 75 160 Strain-gauge 77.2 9.8 10.9 80 7066Pac 77.2 77		9	350	26			384	7.2	8.5	50
7264ac	7161Pac			1	bridge, sense, output	*				50 (FD)
7066Pac	7264ac			1	, Strain-gauge	<u> </u>				
12 75 160 Strain-gauge				1			I .			
	7066Pac		1	1)	60 0 3				
/Tobrac T2 75 T6U Dridge supply	7166Pac	12 12	75 75	160 160	Strain-gauge bridge supply	_	97.2 110.1	9.8 9.8	10.9 11.2	80 50 (FD)
			_	1	J		I .			50 (FD)

SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

Model No. MTL	d	Safety escripti		Application Basic circuit		Max. end- to-end resistance	V _{wkg} at 10μΑ	V _{max}	Internal safety fuse†/fuse- disconnect (FD)
	(V)	(Ω)	(mA)			(Ω)	(V)	(V)	(mA)
STAR-CONNI	ECTED	AC ²							
7060ac	9	75	120		⇒	101	7.2	8.5	50
	9	75	120	ac sensors,	40	101	7.2	8.5	50
7160ac	9	75	120	thermocouples		110.1	7.2	8.8	50 (FD)
	9	75	120	,	50 02	110.1	7.2	8.8	50 (FD)
7265ac	15	100	150		60 1 03	131	12.0	13.0	50
720340	15	100	150	2-wire dc/ac	∀	131	12.0	13.0	50
7278ac 3	28	600	47						50
/2/8ac°	28	600	47	systems		640	+24.0 -22.3	+25.9 -23.8	50
	28	600	47	 		640	+24.0	+25.9	50
	20		7,			040	-22.3	-23.8	30
ACTIVE BAR	RIFRS								
7106	28	300	93	Transmitters	See 'Active	_	_	35	50
7206	28	300	93	Transmitters	barriers'	_	_	35	50
7207+	28	300	93	Switches		348 + 1.2V	-	35	50
	28	diode				31 + 0.9V	-	-	50
7208+	28	300	93	Solenoids, alarms, LEDs		348 + 1.2V	-	35	50
DUMMY BAR	RIFRS	:							
7099	-	, -	-	Securing and earthing unused cables and screens.	40-01	_	-	-	-
7299	_	_	_	Feed-through connections		_	_	_	_
. = , ,				for power comb.	50 02				
				'	60 1				
					₹				

†All barriers have internal, inaccessible, safety fuses. MTL7100 barriers have additional replaceable fuses, lower in value than the internal fuses. It is the value of the replaceable fuse that is quoted for MTL7100 barriers.

Note 1: $24\Omega\pm0.15\Omega$ at 20° C, channels track within 0.15 Ω from -20 to $+60^{\circ}$ C. Note 2: In star-connected barriers (eg, MTL7060/7160), the two channels are interlocked such that the voltage between them cannot exceed the working voltage,

 v_{wkg} . Note 3: MTL7278ac: the working voltage between the two interlocked channels is 24.0V; v_{max} is 25.3V.

'P' SUFFIX – Barriers with a 'P' suffix are higher-power versions of the standard devices with lower end-to-end resistance, except the MTL7061Pac/7161Pac. They are suitable for type IIC gas groups, except MTL7129P+ which is designed for IIB.

WARNING – Check compatibility of the electrical safety parameters of the field equipment with those of the barriers to make sure that the combination is safe.

CERTIFICATION

MTL7000 Series barriers protect devices located in all normally occurring explosive atmospheres, including air/flammable gas-mixtures, dusts and fibres. MTL7000 Series barriers are certified [EEx ia] IIC (except MTL7129P+, certified IIB) BY BASEEFA to CENELEC standards, by FM in the USA, CSA in Canada and also by other authorities, providing worldwide certification. MTL7000 Series barriers are designed to the same safety descriptions as MTL700 Series equivalents (in some cases slightly stricter) and can therefore be used for the same applications.

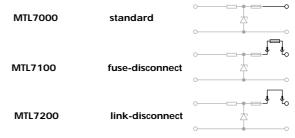
HOW THEY WORK

All MTL7000 Series barriers are based on the same simple principle. Each channel contains three stages of Zener or forward-connected diodes and an 'infallible' terminating resistor. In the event of an electrical fault in the safe area, the diodes limit the voltage that can reach the hazardous area and the resistor limits the current: active output-current limiting circuits are not used. An internal fuse protects the diodes, and the three stages of voltage limitation ensure continued safety if the first or second stage should fail. MTL7100 barriers have an additional replaceable fuse which protects the internal fuse.

The MTL7000 Series includes seven key barrier types which cover the majority of applications, simplifying barrier selection and the maintenance of spares stocks.

SUB-SERIES

MTL7000 Series barrier circuits are based on the well-proven designs originally developed for the MTL700 Series. To simplify identification for those familiar with the latter, part numbers are the same for equivalent barriers, but with a '0', '1' or '2' inserted after the initial '7' to identify the relevant sub-series:



Note: the circuit shown is as an example only. Standard, fuse- or link-disconnect options are shown shaded in the 'basic circuits' in the specifications tables.

KEY BARRIERS SUMMARISED

TYPE	APPLICATION	KEY BA	RRIER	
Analogue	Resistance temperature detectors	7055ac	7060ac	
input (low level)	Thermocouples, ac sensors	7160ac		
Analogue	Controller outputs, one line earthed	7028+ 7	7128+	
output	Controller outputs, neither line earthed	7087+ 7187+		
		dc power	supply	
		26.0V	20-35V	
Analogue	Transmitters, 2-wire, 4/20mA	7087+	7206	
input (high level)		7187+		
Digital (on/off)	Switches	7087+	7207+	
input		7187+		
Digital (on/off)	Solenoids, alarms, LEDs	7028+	7208+	
output		7128+		

ACTIVE BARRIERS

MTL7106/MTL7206, MTL7207+ and 7208+ active barriers

The MTL7106/MTL7206, MTL7207+ and 7208+ barriers have built-in overvolt protection, allowing their use with unregulated power supplies. In many applications, eg, sensor inputs or controller outputs, there is insufficient power available to blow the barrier fuse and this additional protection is not necessary. But, where the barrier is connected to a power supply, eg, for energising transmitters, switches, solenoids or local alarms, overvolt protection allows the barriers to be used with unregulated supplies up to 35V dc and also gives protection against faulty wiring during commissioning. The MTL7206, 7207+, 7208+ are equipped with a loop disconnect at power supply terminal 1 while the MTL7106 has a fuse-disconnect.

Nearest equivalent passive barriers

MTL7106	nearest equivalent	MTL7128-/7187+
MTL7206	nearest equivalent	MTL7028-/7087+
MTL7207+	nearest equivalent	MTL7087+/7187+
MTL7208+	nearest equivalent	MTL7028+/7128+

MTL7106/7206

for 2-wire 4/20mA and 'smart' transmitters

 ϵ

The MTL7106/MTL7206 is a single-channel barrier designed primarily for energising a conventional or 'smart' 2-wire 4/20mA hazardous-area transmitter. They can be thought of as an MTL7128–or an MTL7028– barrier with a built-in floating power supply and electronic over-volt protection. It provides a high voltage output (which is negative with respect to earth) to power the transmitter and delivers a 4/20mA signal into an earthed load in the safe-area. The novel design is noted for its extreme accuracy.

SPECIFICATION

Supply voltage

20 to 35V dc

Supply current

40mA typical at 20mA with 28V dc supply 45mA typical at 20mA with 24V dc supply 60mA maximum at 20mA with 20V dc supply

Voltage for transmitter and lines

16.0V minimum at 20mA with 250 Ω load 11.25V minimum at 20mA with 500 Ω load

Note that the output voltage is negative with respect to earth.

Safe-area load resistance

0 to 500Ω

Output current

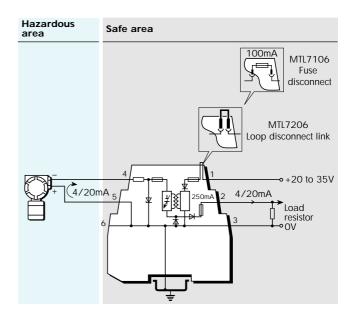
0 to 23.6mA

Accuracy

 $\pm 2\mu A$ (4 to 20mA)

Out of range capability

Over-range; >20mA to 23.6mA Under-range; <4mA to 0mA



'Smart' compatibility

HART Communication Foundation HART® Honeywell DE Yokogawa BRAIN Foxboro 'smart'

Fuji 'smart'

Chessel 3500 Series

Patent Nos

UK: 2205699

European (Germany, France, Italy): EP 0 294 139 BI

USA: 4967302

MTL7207+

for digital (switch) inputs

(€

SPECIFICATION

Supply voltage, terminal 1

+10 to +35V dc

Normal operation

In normal operation the protection circuit introduces only a small voltage drop and shunts less than 1.5mA to earth, so its overall effect is minimal

Supply voltage >27V

If the supply voltage exceeds about 27V, causing the Zener diodes to conduct, or if the safe-area load has a very low resistance, the supply current is limited automatically to <50mA. This protects the fuse and power supply and enables the loop to continue working.

Supply current

At Vs <26V; lout + 1.5mA max

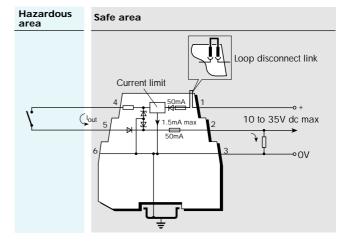
At Vs >28V or low load resistance; limited to <50mA

Internal fuse, terminal 1

50mA

Reverse voltage protection, terminal 1

Yes



Maximum voltage drop, terminals 1 to 4

Output current (lout), terminal 4

Up to 35mA

Leakage to earth

1.5mA max

Internal fuse, terminal 2

Maximum voltage drop, terminals 5 to 2

MTL7208+

for digital (switched) outputs

(€

SPECIFICATION

Supply voltage, terminal 1

+10 to +35V dc

Normal operation

In normal operation the protection circuit introduces only a small voltage drop and shunts less than 1.5mA to earth, so its overall effect is minimal

Supply voltage >27V

If the supply voltage exceeds about 27V, causing the Zener diodes to conduct, or if the safe-area load has a very low resistance, the supply current is limited automatically to <50mA. This protects the fuse and power supply and enables the loop to continue working.

Supply current

At Vs <26V; lout + 1.5mA max

At Vs >28V or low load resistance; limited to <50mA

Internal fuse, terminal 1

50mA

Reverse voltage protection, terminal 1

Maximum voltage drop, terminals 1 to 4

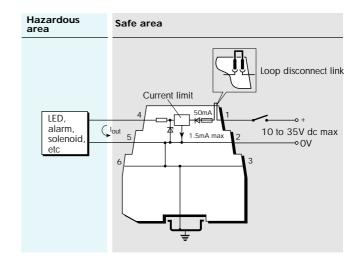
[(lout x 350 Ω) + 1.2]V (current not limited)

Output current (lout), terminal 4

Up to 35mA

Leakage to earth

1.5mA max



[(lout x 348 Ω) + 1.2]V (current not limited)

50mA

 $[(I_{out} \times 33\Omega) + 0.9]V$

MTL7991 power feed module

(€

The MTL7991 power feed module incorporates both voltage and current sense mechanisms to protect barrier circuits by activating a solidstate trip mechanism when fault or overload conditions occur in the power source circuit. Resetting the module after tripping is done by interrupting the supply to the unit. A red LED indicates a circuit trip condition and a green LED the availability of power at the outputs.

SPECIFICATION

Input voltage range (terminals 2 and 3)

20 to 26.8V

Maximum input voltage capability

35V

Power source requirement

Power source must be capable of delivering at least 1.8A

Trip mechanism

Minimum trip operating voltage: 26.8V (at 20°C ambient) at

output terminal 1 wrt earth

Temperature coefficient: +18.4mV/°C

Safe area To barriers via power comb External power supply 20 to 26.8V do at 1.8A min MTL7991

Output current range (terminal 1 wrt earth)

0 to 800mA

LED indication

Green: indicates power at output terminals

(ie, power being fed to barriers)

indicates trip condition Red:

(ie, overvoltage or overcurrent state)

Maximum voltage drop

20mV at 0mA load, -20 to +60°C 1.0V at 800mA load, -20 to +60°C

Maximum number of barriers powered

Load dependent, eg:-

40 x MTL7087+* at 20mA (4/20mA loops)

* Or fuse-disconnect or 'P' versions

DIMENSIONS (mm)

GENERAL SPECIFICATION

Ambient temperature limits

-20 to +60°C (FM/CSA) continuous working -20 to +40°C (BASEEFA) continuous working

-40 to +80°C storage

Humidity limits

5 to 95% RH

Case flammability

UL94: V-2

Terminations

Terminals accommodate conductors up to 2.5mm²

Hazardous-area terminals are identified as dark blue

Colour coding of barrier type (label on top surface)

Positive polarity (+) Negative polarity (-) Black: Black (with red text): MTL7106/7206 Non-polarised (ac) Grey:

White: MTL7099/7299 dummy barrier Orange: MTL7991 power feed module

Weight

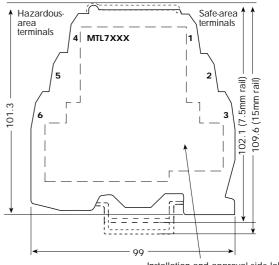
100g approximately

Mounting and earthing

Clamping onto standard 35mm 'top-hat' DIN-rail: 7.5mm (low pro-

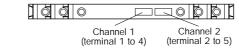
file) or 15mm (high profile)

Note: All specifications quoted at 20°C ambient unless otherwise stated.

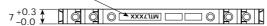


Installation and approval side label

Fuse/link positions (MTL7100/7200)



Colour-coded top label



MTL7000 SERIES BARRIER APPLICATIONS

ANALOGUE INPUTS (HIGH-LEVEL)

Recommended barriers for use with 'conventional' and 'smart' 4/20mA transmitters (fed by a regulated supply) are the MTL7087+ / 7187+ or MTL7087P+/7187P+. These provide up to 14.2V at V_{wkq}

2-wire transmitters, 4/20mA, conventional and smart

7187+ or MTL7087P+/7187P+. These provide up to 14.2V at V_{wkg} and 20mA for a transmitter and its lines as well as 5V for the typical 250 Ω load. This application and these barriers are suitable for use with the optional power comb.

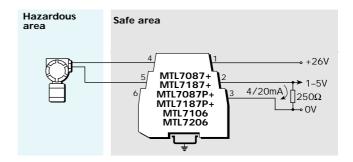
The MTL7106/7206 is recommended for applications where an unregulated supply of up to 35V is used. It provides 16.0V for transmitter and lines at 20mA as well as 5V for a typical 250 Ω load. With the MTL7106/7206 terminal 4 is negative with respect to earth, so the connections to terminals 4 and 5 should be reversed.

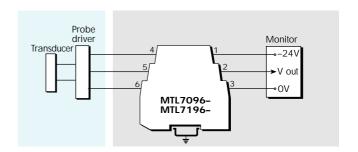
Vibration probes

The 3-wire transmitters used with vibration monitoring equipment are invariably supplied by a -24V dc power supply – hence the recommended barrier choice is the negatively-polarised MTL7096– /7196–. The 'third terminal' makes this choice ideal for these 3-wire applications.

MTL7000 Series barriers protect devices located in all normally occurring explosive atmospheres, including air/flammable gas mixtures, dusts and fibres. Applications covered include the protection of installations incorporating uncertified devices ('simple apparatus') such as thermocouples, switches and resistive sensors, or separately certified 'energy storing' (or 'voltage producing') apparatus including ac sensors, transmitters and current-to-pneumatic (I/P) converters. Recommended choices for specific applications are discussed briefly in the following pages.

These are examples, and many other configurations will suggest themselves. For advice on a particular application, please contact MTL.

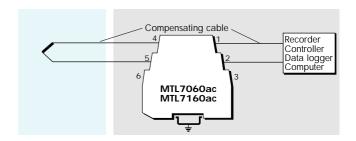




ANALOGUE INPUTS (LOW-LEVEL)

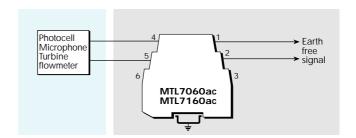
Thermocouples and mV sources

The recommended barrier for thermocouples and mV sources is the MTL7060ac/7160ac. This 2-channel non-polarised barrier retains the 'earth-free' nature of the signal and, providing the receiver's input 'floats', rejects common-mode ac and dc interference up to at least 7V and is unaffected by earth faults on the primary element.



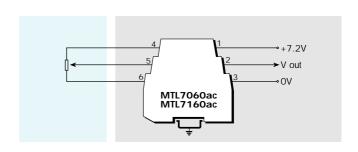
ac sensors, photocells, microphones and turbine flowmeters

The MTL7060ac/7160ac is the recommended choice for these devices. While many of these are designated 'simple apparatus' and thus do not need certification, note that some ac sensors may be subject to a significant level of inductance and will therefore need to be designed and certified for hazardous-area locations.



Slidewire displacement transducers

The simplest choice is the MTL7060ac/7160ac. This barrier supplies power and brings back a unipolar signal.



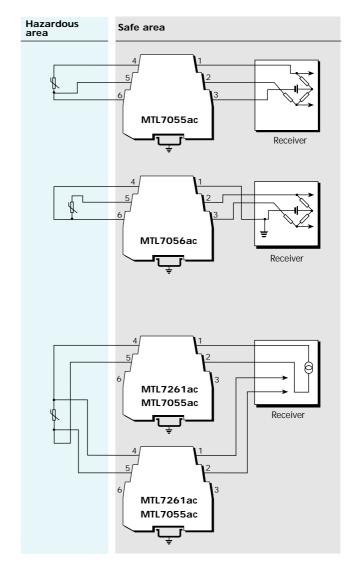
RTDs

For 3-wire RTDs, a single MTL7055ac barrier is the most economical choice. This is suitable for use with a floating bridge – the two leads from the bridge arms are protected by the barrier with the third (supply) lead being earthed through the barrier. The barrier has a low end-to-end resistance of only $24\Omega/\text{channel}$ to minimise span changes and its channels track within 0.15 Ω (between –20 to +60°C) to minimise zero shift with temperature.

If the bridge circuit is already earthed, the third barrier channel provided by an MTL7056ac is needed. For extreme accuracy, 3 channels and an earth-free bridge can be used, a configuration that cancels out the small errors due to barrier leakage.

Channels 2 and 3 (those between terminals 5 & 2, and 6 & 3 respectively) track to within 0.15 $\!\Omega$ between –20 and 60°C

4-wire constant-current circuits do not need matched barrier resistances and can be protected by two MTL7261ac barriers. If the increase in loop resistance is too great, use two MTL7055ac barriers instead.



STRAIN-GAUGE BRIDGES

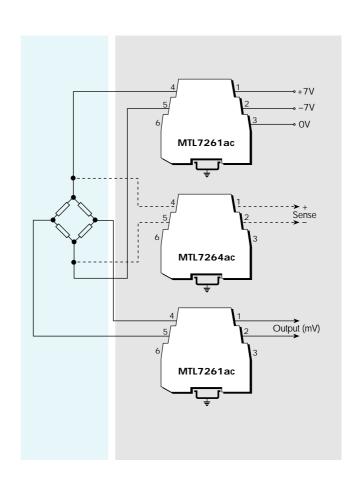
Single strain-gauge bridges

This shows an arrangement using two or three barriers, which is safe in IIC gases. With the MTL7261ac, the circuit is powered from a 14V, 230Ω source; if the bridge resistance is 230Ω , then the bridge voltage is 7V. If the bridge resistance is 350Ω , then the bridge voltage is 8.4V.

An MTL7264ac can be used to sense the bridge supply voltage.

An MTL7261ac is used here for the mV output.

An MTL7166Pac provides 12.3V for a 350 Ω bridge with a 20V supply. MTL7161Pac's can be used for the sense and pick-off circuits.



Double strain-gauge bridges

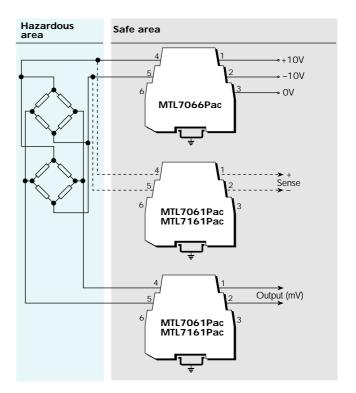
Quite frequently there is a demand to monitor two load cells, and a possible circuit, safe in IIC, is shown.

Here, the lower voltage drop of the MTL7066Pac is an advantage.

The MTL7066Pac supplies power to the bridge(s) whilst two MTL7061Pac/7161Pac barriers interface with the sense and pick-off circuits.

Using 350 $\!\Omega$ bridge systems, the following voltages are available from an MTL7066Pac with a ±10V supply:

1 bridge: 12.8V 2 bridges: 9.4V



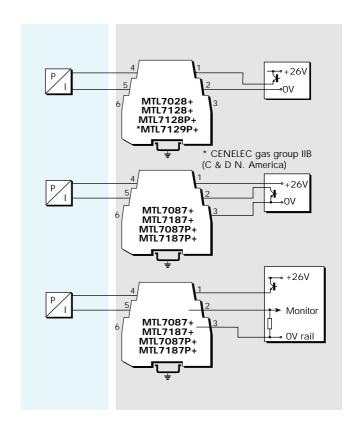
ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Controller outputs (I/P converters)

The single-channel MTL7028+/7128+ with a voltage drop of 6.7V/6.9V is the recommended choice for most controller outputs. Higher-power versions are available: the MTL7128P+ (5.5V drop) is suitable for IIC applications; the MTL7129P+ (4.22V drop) for IIB applications.

For controllers with an output circuit separated from the OV rail by the control transistor, the 2-channel MTL7087+/7187+ is the preferred choice as the return channel can handle up to 26.0V/26.0V allowing the control signal to be turned off completely. The voltage drop is 8.2V/8.6V at 20mA. A higher-power version of the latter, the MTL7087P+ /7187P+, is also available. The return channel of these barriers handle up to 26.0V/26.0V and the maximum voltage drop is only 6.72V/7.24V.

The MTL7087+/7187+ and MTL7087P+/7187P+ are also suitable for controllers containing a resistor which enables the return current to be monitored for high-integrity operation.





DIGITAL (ON/OFF) INPUTS

Switches

The normal choice is the MTL7087+/7187+ with a regulated supply. The MTL7207+ is recommended for applications where an unregulated supply of up to 35V is used.

For optimum power transfer, with relays the resistance of the load should be approximately equal to the combined resistance of the two channels and the relay coil should then be rated at about half the supply voltage.

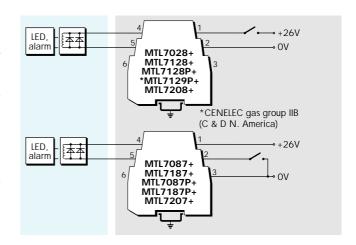
DIGITAL (ON/OFF) OUTPUTS

Alarms, LEDs, solenoids valves, etc

For these applications, the MTL7028+/7128+ is recommended. Higher-powered versions are available: the MTL7128P+ is suitable for IIC applications; the MTL7129P+ for IIB applications.

The MTL7208+ is recommended for applications where an unregulated supply of up to 35V is used.

If the control switch is to earth, then the 2-channel MTL7087+ /7187+ barrier should be used, or, alternatively, the MTL7087P+/7187P+ higher-power version. If the supply is poorly regulated use the MTL7207+.



+VE DC SYSTEMS

Low-level to 12V dc systems

The two channels of the MTL7162+, MTL7164+ and MTL7167+ can be combined safely in IIC.

The MTL7164+ can be used for low-level logic return signals. The MTL7162+ and MTL7167+ are used for 6V dc and 12V dc systems respectively.

18V dc systems

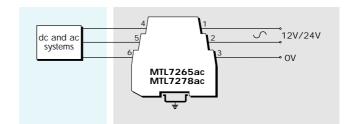
The single-channel MTL7122+ is recommended for 18V dc systems.

dc systems 6 MTL7162+ MTL7164+ MTL7167+ dc systems 5 MTL7122+ 4 MTL7122+ MTL7122+

AC AND DC SYSTEMS

High-level ac and dc systems

The versatile star-connected MTL7265ac and MTL7278ac allow V_{wkg} to be developed from each channel to ground but only allow V_{wkg} to be developed between channels. This provides some common-mode voltage capability and can allow higher cable parameters to be used.

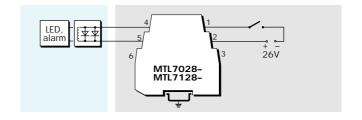


NEGATIVE AND FLOATING POWER SUPPLIES

Digital (on/off) outputs

The MTL7028–/7128– is used with a negative power supply and positive earth. Typically used for digital inputs or outputs, as shown.

The MTL7028-/7128- can also be used with floating power supplies, for transmitters.



POWER COMB APPLICATIONS

The PWC7000 power comb is invaluable for saving installation time and wiring when connecting a 24V dc power source to a number of barriers.

Typical applications include hazardous-area switches, 4/20mA transmitters and solenoids. The diagram illustrates the configuration for 3 barriers but up to 40 barriers can be served by this method.

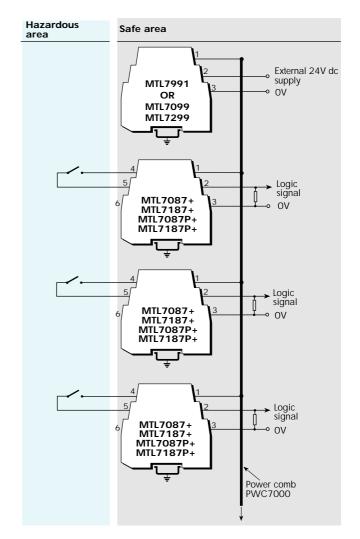
The MTL7991 power feed module would normally be used with standard barriers such as MTL7087+ and MTL7087P+ because the current/voltage trip protection mechanism of the MTL7991 removes the need for replaceable fuses in the barriers.

The MTL7099/7299 dummy barriers can be used instead of the MTL7991 for direct 'feed-through' connection of a 24V dc supply. In these circumstances, replaceable fuse barriers such as MTL7187+ and MTL7187P+ may be preferred.

The MTL7299 dummy barrier has a removable link between terminals 1 and 2 for easy disconnection of the supply.

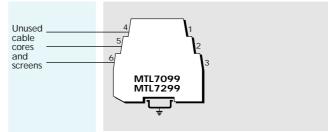
Other units which can use the power comb: MTL7106

MTL7206 MTL7207+ MTL7208+



SPARE CABLE CORES AND SCREENS

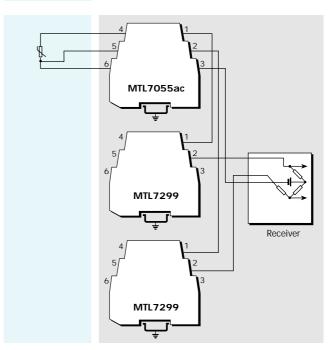
The MTL7099/7299 dummy barriers are used primarily for securing and earthing unused cables and screen connections. Hazardous area terminals 4, 5 and 6 (and safe area terminal 3) are internally connected to the DIN-rail mounting/earth connection.



WIRED IN APPLICATIONS

MTL7299s can be 'looped-in' to provide link-disconnects for MTL70xx barriers, eg. as shown here with an MTL7055ac and an RTD.

For high accuracy or sensitive low level applications check that the additional connections do not degrade the signals.





MAXIMUM CABLE PARAMETERS

Model no.	Number of single		Maxi	mum permissi	ble cable pa	rameters ²		
	channels inter- connected within hazardous area	Earth ¹ return used?	BASEEFA (Capacitance (μF)	group IIC (hyd Inductance (mH)	rogen)) L/R ratio (μΗ/Ω)	FM (Groups A Capacitance (μF)	Mark B) Inductance (mH)	Matched ³ power (W)
MTL7106/7206	1	Yes	0.083	4.1	54	0.14	4.27	0.65
MTL7207+	2	Yes	0.083	4.1	54	0.12	4.0	0.65
MTL7208+	1	Yes	0.083	4.1	54	0.12	4.0	0.65
MTL7122+	1	Yes	0.165	1.66	44	0.2	1.4	0.81
MTL7028+/7128+	1 1	Yes	0.083	4.1	54	0.12	4.0	0.65
MTL7128P+	l i	Yes	0.042	1.26	42	0.16	2.86	0.83
MTL7028-/7128-	1	Yes	0.083	4.1	54	0.13	4.0	0.65
MTL7129P+		Yes	0.003	· · ·] 54	0.49	6.25	1.19 IIB (C&D) only
MTL7055ac	1	Yes	1000	0.4	158	1000	0.25	0.23
WIL 7035ac		Yes	1000	0.4	79	150	0.4	0.45
	2 2 3	No	40	0.1	79	150	0.1	0.45
	2	No	40	0.4	59		0.1	0.45
						-	-	
MTI 705 /	4	Yes	40	0.035	31.25	-	-	0.92
MTL7056ac		Yes	1000	0.4	158	-	-	0.23
	3	No	40	0.22	59			0.68
MTL7060ac/7160ac	1	Yes	4.9	2.47	131	4.50	2.50	0.27
	2 2	Yes	4.9	0.61	65	-	-	0.54
MTL7061Pac/7161Pac		No	0.309	54.2	307	0.42	13.0	0.12
MTL7261ac	1	Yes	4.9	3.55	158	3.1	3.5	0.23
	2	Yes	4.9	0.88	79	0.4	1.0	0.45
MTL7162+	1	Yes	3.0	0.89	71	3.0	1.0	0.50
	2	Yes	3.0	0.22	35	_	_	1.0
	2	No	1.97	2.93	117	-		
MTL7164+	1	Yes	1.41	246	987	1.5	200	0.04
	2	Yes	1.41	61.7	493	1.0	60	0.08
MTL7264ac	1 1	Yes	1.41	246	987	1.5	200	0.04
	2	Yes	1.41	61.7	493	0.18	60	0.08
	_	No	0.125	246	493	0.18	60	0.08
MTL7265ac	1	Yes	0.58	1.58	63	0.7	1.3	0.56
	2	Yes	0.58	0.4	31	0.7	1.4	1.13
MTL7066Pac/7166Pac	2	Yes	1.41	0.36	37	1.80	1.27	0.96
MTL7167+	1	Yes	0.58	1.58	63	0.7	1.7	0.56
WIIE, 107 T	2	Yes	0.58	0.4	31	0.7	0.4	1.13
MTL7278ac	1	Yes	0.083	16.1	108	0.5	14	0.33
IVIIL/2/OdC		Yes	0.083	4.02	54	0.12	4.2	0.33
MTL7087+/7187+	2 2	Yes Yes	0.083	4.02 4.1	54 54	0.12 0.13	4.2 4.2	0.65
MTL7087P+/7187P+	2	Yes	0.042	1.26	42	0.13	2.47	0.84
MTL7096-/7196-	2	Yes	0.134	1.86	44	0.14	1.71	0.83
		1						

Notes

Key barriers in bold

TERMINOLOGY

Safety description

The description of a barrier, eg, '10V 50 Ω 200mA', refers to the maximum voltage of the terminating Zener or forward diode when an internal safety fuse is blowing, the minimum value of the terminating resistor, and the corresponding maximum short-circuit current. It is an indication of the fault energy that can be developed in the hazardous area and not of the working voltage or end-to-end resistance.

Polarity

Barriers may be polarised positive ('+') or negative ('-') or non-polarised ('ac'). Polarised barriers accept and/or deliver safe-area voltages of the specified polarity only. Non-polarised barriers support voltages of either polarity applied at either end. The exception is the MTL7206 which takes a positive supply but provides an output voltage which is negative with respect to earth.

End-to-end resistance

The resistance between the two ends of a barrier channel at 20°C, ie, of the resistor and the fuse(s). If diodes or transistors are present, the voltage drop of these is also quoted.

Working voltage (Vwkg)

The greatest steady voltage, of appropriate polarity, that can be applied between the safe-area terminal of a 'basic' barrier channel and earth at 20°C for the specified leakage current, with the hazardous-area terminal open circuit.

Maximum voltage (Vmax)

The greatest steady voltage, of appropriate polarity, that can be applied continuously between the safe-area terminal of any barrier channel and earth at 20°C without blowing the internal safety fuse/external replaceable fuse (MTL7100). For 'basic' barriers it is specified with the hazardous-area terminal open circuit; if current is drawn in the hazardous area, the maximum voltage for these barriers is reduced. The 'ac' channels of 'basic' barriers withstand voltages of the opposite polarity also – see the circuit diagrams included under 'Applications'.

Fuse ratings

The greatest current that can be passed continuously through the fuse for 1000 hours at 35°C .

Maximum safe-area voltage (U_m)

The maximum permissible safe-area voltage (U_m) for MTL7000 Series barriers is 250V ac/dc

^{&#}x27;If values are not quoted for when on earth return is not used, then those for an earth return ('Yes' in the tables) are applicable

²For most practical purposes, the values of the parameters for groups IIB and IIA are respectively 3 and 8 times the values for group IIC

³The maximum power that can be drawn from the barrier or barrier combination under fault conditions; used for assessing the temperature classification of 'simple' hazardous area apparatus



APPROVALS

Region (Authority)	Canada (CSA)	China (NEPSI)	CIS (ISC VE)	Czech Rep (FTZU)	Hungary (BKI)	Japan (TIIS)	UK (BASEEFA)	UK (BASEEFA) Systems	USA (FM)	USA (UL)	USA (MSHA)
Standard	C22.2, No 157	GB3836.1-83 GB3836.4-83	EN 50020 GOST 22782.S	CSN EN 50020 CSN EN 50014	MSZ EN 50014 MSZ EN 50020	New Gijyutukijyun	EN 50014 & EN 50020	BS5501: Pt 9, 1982	3610 Entity, 3611	UL913 UL1604	30 CFR Section 18.68
Approved	Class I, II, III,	Ex(ia) IIC	[Ex ia] I / IIC	[EEx ia] IIC	[EEx ib] IIC	Ex ia IIC	[EEx ia] IIC	[EEx ia IIC]	Class I, II, III	Class I, II, III	Evaluated for
for	Div. 1, A-G				[EEx ib] IIB *				Div 1,	Div 1,	Intrinsic Safety
							[EEx ia]IIB*	[EEx ia]IIB*	GPS A-G	GPS A-G	Applications
									Div 2,	Div 2,	
						*			Class I, II, III	Class I, II, III	
Model no.	Certificate/file r	10.				' 16 for switch	hes or if the hazardous	s-area device is sui	tably certified		
MTL7028+	LR36637-95	GYJ00109	D.00C422	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	C13157	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Y6A3.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7028-	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.3Z2A1.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7055ac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109	D.00C422	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7056ac	LR36637-104	GYJ00109	D.97C.256	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	C13158	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7060ac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109	D.00C422	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	C13159	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7061Pac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7066Pac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7087+	LR36637-95	GYJ00109	D.97C.256	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	C13301	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Y6A3.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7087P+	LR36637-107	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Y6A3.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7096-	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z9A5.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7099	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MTL7106	LR36637-106	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	1D1A3.AX-1	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7122+	LR36637-107	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.4B0A0.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7128+	LR36637-95	GYJ00109	D.00C422	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Y6A3.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7128-	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.3Z2A1.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7128P+	LR36637-107	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	C13319	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.4B0A0.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7129P+	LR36637-107‡				Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7287❖	Ex97D2025*	J.I.4B0A0.AX‡	E120058‡	IA-21034-0
MTL7160ac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109	D.00C422	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	C13160	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7161Pac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7162+	LR36637-104	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7164+	LR36637-104	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7166Pac	LR36637-95	GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z8A6.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7167+	LR36637-104	GYJ00109	D 070 05/	FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002	040000	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7187+ MTL7187P+	LR36637-95 LR36637-107	GYJ00109 GYJ00109	D.97C.256	FTZU 99Ex 0518X FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002 Ex.99.C.002	C13302	BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352 Ex95C2352	J.I.2Y6A3.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
						C13303	BAS99ATEX7285†		J.I.2Y6A3.AX		1
MTL7196- MTL7206	LR36637-95 LR36637-106	GYJ00109 GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002 Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285† BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352 Ex95C2352	J.I.2Z9A5.AX J.I.4Z1A7.AX	E120058 E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7206	LR36637-106	GYJ00109 GYJ00109		FTZU 99EX 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.421A7.AX J.I.4B0A0.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7207+ MTL7208+	LR36637-107	GYJ00109 GYJ00109		FTZU 99EX 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352 Ex95C2352	J.I.4B0A0.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7208+ MTL7261ac	LR36637-107	GYJ00109 GYJ00109		FTZU 99EX 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.4B0A0.AX J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7261ac	LR36637-104 LR36637-104				Ex.99.C.002			Ex95C2352 Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7264ac	LR36637-104 LR36637-104	GYJ00109 GYJ00109		FTZU 99Ex 0518X FTZU 99Ex 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285† BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX J.I.2B8A7.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7265ac	LR36637-104 LR36637-107	GYJ00109 GYJ00109		FTZU 99EX 0518X	Ex.99.C.002		BAS99ATEX7285†	Ex95C2352	J.I.2B8A7.AX J.I.4B0A0.AX	E120058	IA-21034-0
MTL7278ac MTL7299	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MTL7299 MTL7991	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

[‡] Class I,II,III Div 1, Gps C-G, Class I, Div 2, Gps C&D

SYSTEM CERTIFICATION

			Maximum permissible cable parameters for Group IIC (Hydrogen)					
System Combination	BASEEFA cert.	Earth return used ?	Capacitance μF	Inductance mH	L/R ratio μΗ/Ω	Matched power W BASEEFA		
1 x 7167+ channel 4 x 7264ac channels	Ex98E2274	YES	0.09	0.86	32	0.72		
4 x 7261ac channels 2 x 7264ac channels	Ex98E2274	YES	0.125	0.17	21	1.00		
4 x 7061Pac channels 2 x 7066Pac channels	Ex98E2274	YES	0.125	0.17	17	1.18		

[†] Previously certified as Ex95C2261

[❖] Previously certified as Ex97D2022

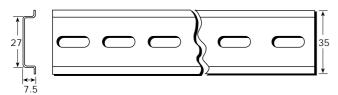
MTL7000 SERIES EARTH RAIL, TAGGING AND POWER ACCESSORIES

MOUNTING/EARTHING ACCESSORIES

MTL7000 Series barriers mount easily and quickly onto standard DIN rail which also acts as the intrinsically safe earth.

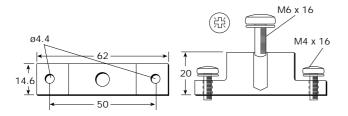
THR2 standard DIN rail THR7000 plated rail

Specially nickel-plated T-section (35 x 7.5mm) DIN rail for use in potentially corrosive atmospheres. Supplied in 1m lengths



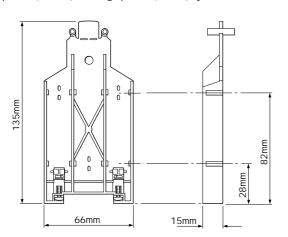
ISP7000 insulating spacers

Attached to the base of a DIN rail at either end or at intervals (depending upon DIN-rail length) to isolate the IS earth from a structural earth.



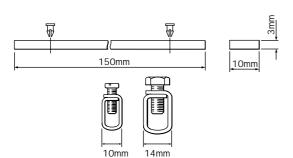
IMB57 Insulating mounting block

One required at each end of a tagging strip/earth rail. Suitable for low-profile (7.5mm) and high-profile (15mm) symmetrical DIN rail.



ERB57S Earth-rail bracket, straight

Nickel-plated; supplied with two push fasteners, one 14mm earth-rail clamp and one 10mm earth clamp for cables ≤ 16mm².





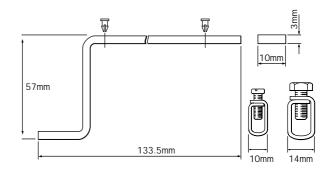
Notes: ERB57S is the preferred choice of earth-rail bracket. It may be fitted in either of two positions on insulating mounting block IMB57; usually in the upper slot for use with MTL5000 Series isolators, in the lower for use with MTL7000 Series Barriers.

However, to allow access to the mounting screws, the straight earth-rail bracket ERB57S can be inserted in the lower slot only after insulating mounting blocks IMB57 are clamped to the DIN rail. This may not be possible if, for example, trunking is fitted.

In this case, fit offset earth-rail bracket ERB57O (see below) in the upper slot: the mounting blocks can then be fitted in a restricted space with this bracket already fitted.

ERB570 Earth-rail bracket, offset

Nickel-plated; supplied with two push fasteners, one 14mm earth-rail clamp and one 9 mm earth clamp for cables \leq 16mm².



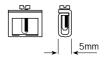
ERL7 earth rail

Nickel plated 3 \times 10mm rail supplied in 1m lengths which can be cut to size.



ETM7 earth terminal

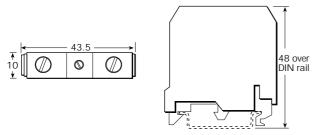
For terminating cable screens and OV earth returns and securing spare cores to the earth rail. A maximum of one ETM7 per barrier can be accommodated.





ETL7000 earth terminal

Provides connection for routeing the IS earth from the DIN rail to an appropriate plant earth. Maximum cable cross-section is 10mm². Two recommended per discrete length of DIN rail. See instruction manual INM7000 for more details

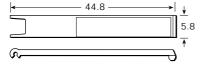


TAGGING ACCESSORIES

Two methods of tagging are available which can be used separately or together:

1) Individual barrier identification BRI7000 barrier identifiers

BRI7000 barrier identifiers are supplied with one label and mount on the top of individual barriers to identify barrier details. Use with BIL7000 or BIL7000L barrier identification labels.



BIL7000 barrier identification labels

Supplied as tractor feed sheets, for pre-printing by user. 120 (peel off) labels per sheet.

BIL7000L barrier identification labels

Supplied as A4 sheets of 126 (peel off) labels suitable for laser printing by user.

Tagging strip method TAG57 Tagging strip, 1m length

Cut to size. Supplied with reversible tagging strip label suitable for either MTL5000 or MTL7000 Series module spacing.



TGL57 Tagging strip labels, set of $10\times0.5\text{m}$

Spares replacement, for use with TAG57 tagging strip. Labels are reversible – one side for MTL5000, the other for MTL7000.

POWER ACCESSORIES

RFA7050 replaceable fuse pack

Spare secondary 50mA fuses, blue, for MTL7100 sub-series barriers, supplied in packs of 5

RFA7100 replaceable fuse pack

Spare secondary 100mA fuses, green, for MTL7106, supplied in packs of 5

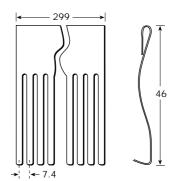
RLA7000 removable links

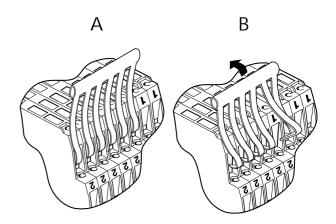
Spare 'latch-out' links for MTL7200 sub-series barriers, purple, supplied in packs of 5



PWC7000 power comb

Feeds a 24V dc supply to a maximum of 40 barriers from an MTL7991 power feed module or an MTL7099/7299 dummy barrier (see A below). The comb and its teeth are shaped so that by deflecting the comb, (see B below) barriers may be inserted or removed without having to disturb the remaining connections. It can be sub-divided easily to feed smaller numbers of barriers.





MTL7000 SERIES MOUNTING INFORMATION

MOUNTING DETAILS

MTL7000 Series barriers pack closely together on DIN rails, permitting up to 132 barriers per metre of rail, depending on the accessories used. When calculating how many barriers will fit onto a given length of rail, consider the following:

Barrier packing pitch: 7.4mm

ETL7000 earth terminal: 10mm (min of 2) IMB57 insulating mounting block: 15mm (min of 2) ISP7000 insulating spacer: 14.7mm (min of 2)

Notes:

- barriers and accessories cannot be mounted directly above an ISP7000 spacer when using 7.5mm rail. If the space above the spacer is needed, use a) high-profile (15mm) rail or b) low-profile screws, M6 x 16 with 1mm heads
- to maintain rigidity of DIN-rail when using ISP7000 spacers, the distance between spacers should not exceed 500mm for 15mm high-profile rail and 250mm for 7.5mm low-profile rail.

EARTH RAIL

There is provision to terminate a cable screen or earth return on the third terminal (6 or 3) of MTL7000 Series barriers. Spare cores may be terminated on the MTL7099/7299 dummy barrier. An earth rail provides an alternative method for terminating cable screens and OV earth returns, and securing spare cable cores. It is mounted on ERB57S/O brackets.

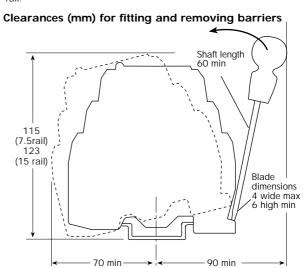
The earth rail (ERL7) must be electrically bonded to the IS earthing DIN rail (eg, THR2 or THR7000) on which the barriers are mounted and earthed. Copper cable, no less than 4mm² in cross-section and 80mm long when finished, should be connected between an earth terminal (ETM7) on the earth rail and an earth terminal (ETL7000) on the IS earthing DIN-rail. A minimum of two such connections, one at each end, is recommended for each discrete length of earth rail.

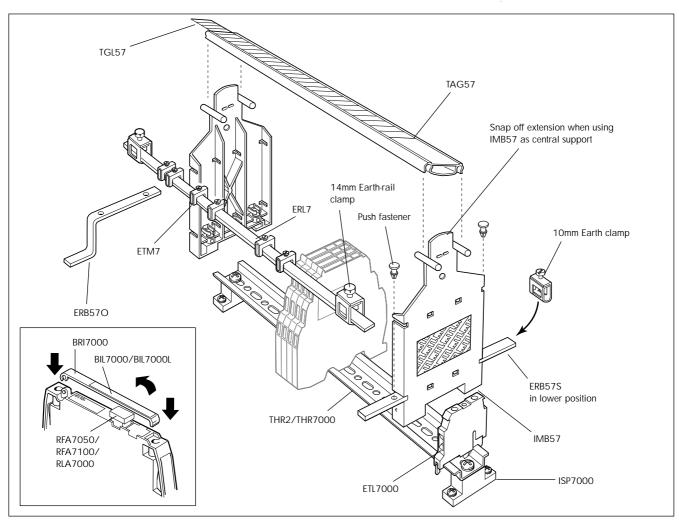
Note:

For lengths of earth rail greater than 500mm, provide additional support by installing a third IMB57 mounting block and earth rail bracket, mid-way between the end mounting blocks.

Snap out the perforated extension between the lugs on this mounting block if a continuous tagging strip is to be fitted.

There is room for a maximum of one ETM7 earth terminal per barrier on the earth

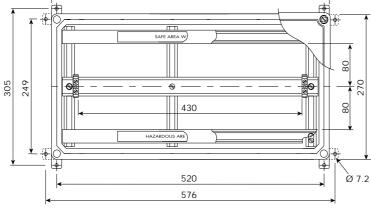


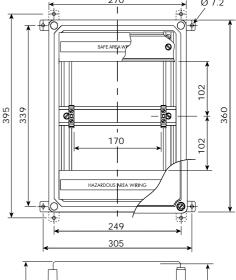


MTL7000 SERIES ENCLOSURES

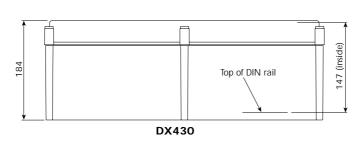
DIMENSIONS (in mm) AND MOUNTING

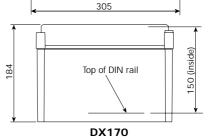






Ø 5.5





SPECIFICATION

Construction

Glass reinforced polycarbonate base - DX070 Glass reinforced polyester base - DX170, DX430 Transparent polycarbonate lid

Protection

Dust-tight and water-jet proof to IEC529:IP65

Lid fixing

Captive fixing screws

Weight (excluding barriers/isolators) kg.

DX070 0.8 DX170 2.6 DX430

Items provided

DIN rail - fitted

ETL7000 Earth terminals (2 x) - fitted

"Take care IS" front adhesive label

Cable trunking (except DX070)

Note: Barriers or isolators are not included.

Mounting

Wall fixing lugs provided. For mounting arrangement drawing refer to INM57ENC.

Tagging and earth rail

Accommodates MTL7000 Series accessories.

Permitted location

Safe area

FM and CSA Div. 2, Class I (gases)

Not Div. 2, Class II (dust ignition proof)

Approximate capacities (on DIN rail between earth terminal

	MTL7000 barriers						
DX070	9	(5)*					
DX170	22	(18)*					
DX430	58	(54)*					

^{*} Use these figures when mounting brackets for tagging/earth are included.

Ambient temperature limits

Dependent on units fitted. See instruction manual INM57ENC.



MTL700 AND MTL7000 SERIES EQUIVALENTS

MTL700 Series	MTL7000	MTL7100	MTL7200
MTL706+ MTI 707+		MTL7106	MTL7206 MTI 7207+
MTL708+			MTL7208+
MTL722+		MTL7122+	
MTL728+	MTL7028+	MTL7128+	
MTL728P+		MTL7128P+	
MTL728-	MTL7028-	MTL7128-	
MTL729P+		MTL7129P+	
MTL755ac	MTL7055ac		
MTL755ac x 11/2	MTL7056ac		
MTL760ac	MTL7060ac	MTL7160ac	
MTL761ac			MTL7261ac
MTL761Pac	MTL7061Pac	MTL7161Pac	
MTL710+ x 2		MTL7162+	
MTL764+		MTL7164+	
MTL764ac			MTL7264ac
MTL765ac	MTI 70//D	MTI 71//D	MTL7265ac
MTL766Pac MTL767+	MTL7066Pac	MTL7166Pac MTL7167+	
MTL7778ac		IVIIL/10/+	MTL7278ac
MTL7/8ac	MTL7087+	MTL7187+	IVIIL/2/8aC
MTL787SP+	MTL7087+	MTL7187+	
MTL7875P+ MTL796-	MTL7087P+ MTL7096-	MTL7187P+	
MTL790-	MTI 7096-	IVIIL/190-	MTI 7299
IVIIL/99	IVIIL/U99		IVIIL/299

'Key' barriers shown in bold.

HOW TO ORDER



MTL7000/7100/7200 barriers Select by barrier number and polarity, e.g. MTL7028+



Mounting accessories

THR2 Standard DIN-rail, 35 x 7.5mm
T-section DIN-rail, specially-plated,
35 x 7.5mm, 1m length

ISP7000 Insulating spacer

Standard earthing/earth-rail accessories
ETL7000 Earth terminal, DIN-rail mounted
IMB57 Insulating mounting block
ERB57S Earth-rail bracket, straight

ERB57S Earth-rail bracket, straight
ERB57O Earth-rail bracket, offset
ERL7 Earth rail, 1m length
ETM7 Earth terminal, pack of 50

Standard tagging accessories

TAG57 Tagging strip, 1m length

TGL57 Tagging strip labels, set of 10 x 0.5m

BRI7000 Barrier identifier

BIL7000 Barrier identification labels, sheet of 120
BIL7000L Barrier identification labels, A4 sheet

of 126

Replaceable fuses/removable links

RFA7050 Replaceable fuse assemblies, 50mA,

pack of 5

RFA7100 Replaceable fuse assemblies, 100mA,

pack of 5

RLA7000 Removable link, pack of 5

Enclosures

DX070Enclosure, for MTL7000 \times 9DX170Enclosure, for MTL7000 \times 22DX430Enclosure, for MTL7000 \times 58



Literature

INM7000 Instr INM57ENC Instr

Instruction manual, MTL7000 Series Instruction manual, MTL5000/7000 Series

Enclosures

CD700... Customer drawings